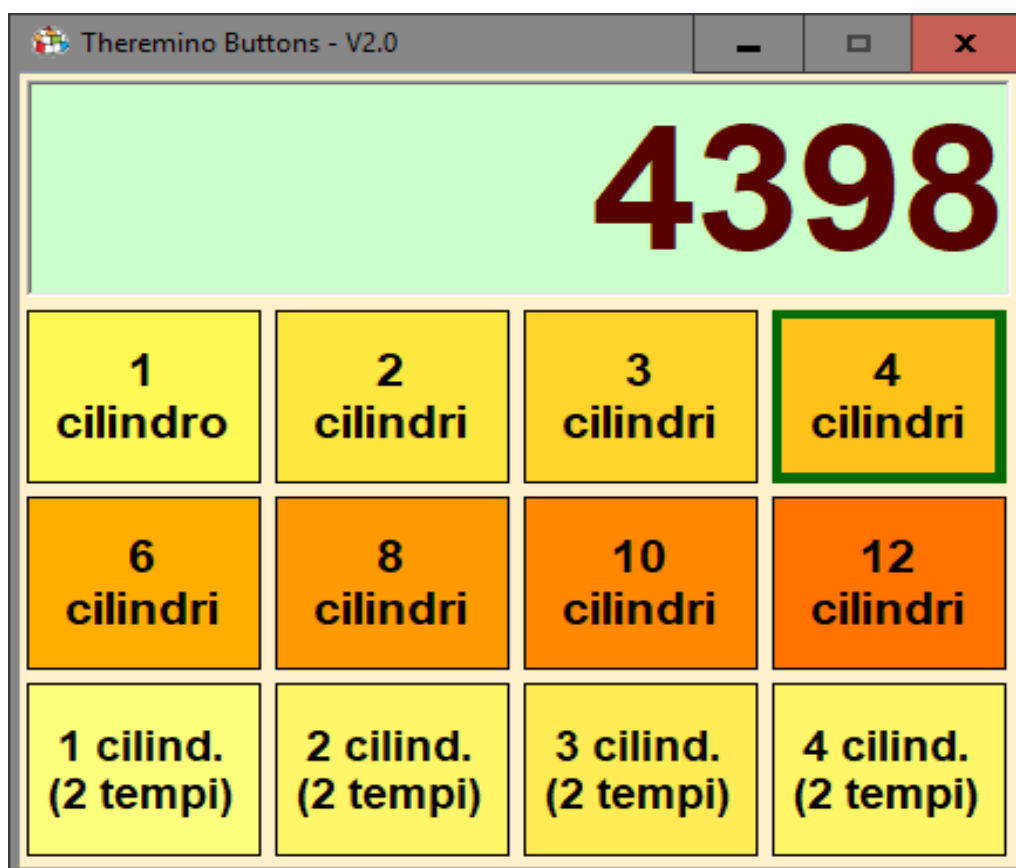


Theremino System



Theremino Buttons V2.x

The “Buttons” application

This application is the fastest method provided by the Theremino system to create control panels for use with the mouse or the Touch Screen.

You do not need to know a programming language, just write the text to appear on the buttons and adjust a few options. Anyone can quickly learn how to create new buttons and text boxes. As well as change the color, size, and also arrange the controls to one or more rows and columns.

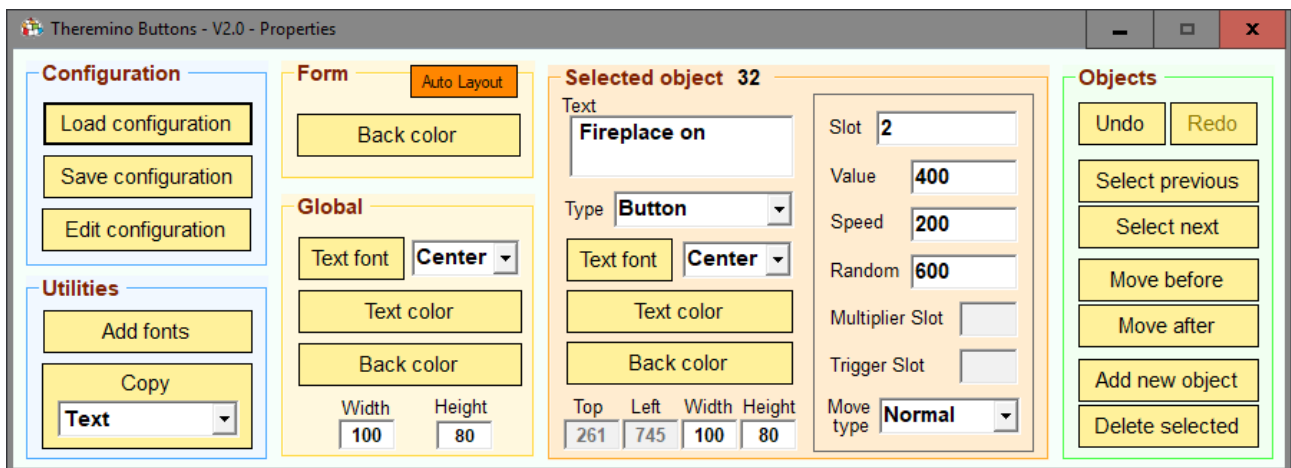
Here are some examples of panels that can be created.



Modify controls

To modify the controls hold down the CTRL key on the keyboard, and click the left mouse button on a button or on a free zone.

CTRL + click opens this window (which we will explain in the following pages).



With this window commands you change the controls, the display text, the colors and the read-write properties of the Slot signals. Then you dispose the controls and create new controls and delete them.

CAUTION

When this window is open, you can resize the main window. This way you can rearrange the controls on more rows or columns.

Once closed this window, the main window will not be sizable.

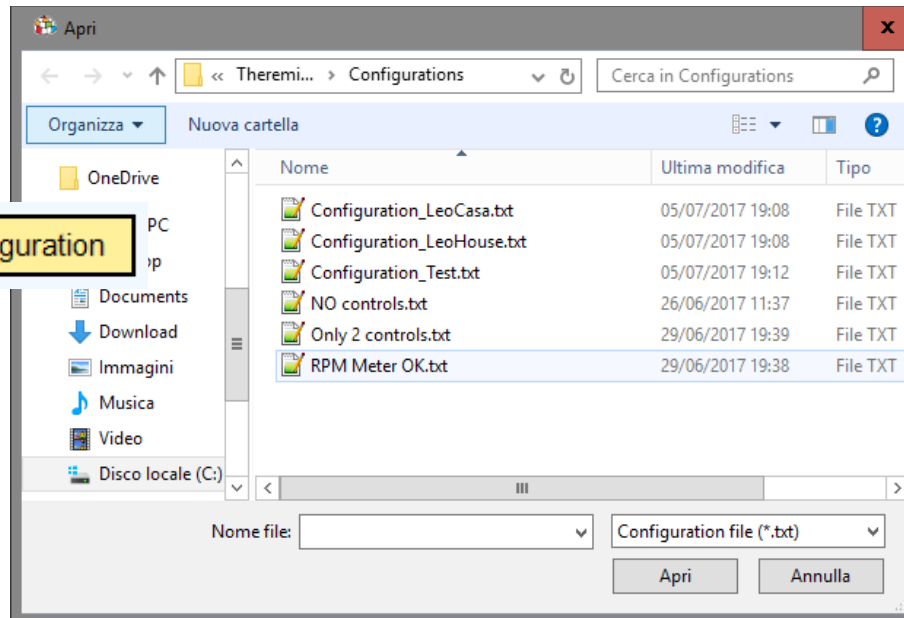
The following pages discuss the “Buttons”, “Text boxes” and “Active slots”. Sometimes we call them with the collective name “Controls”.

First experiments

Experiment without worry, all changes are temporary. They also remember the next restart of the application, but do not modify the sample configurations that are stored in the "Configurations" folder.

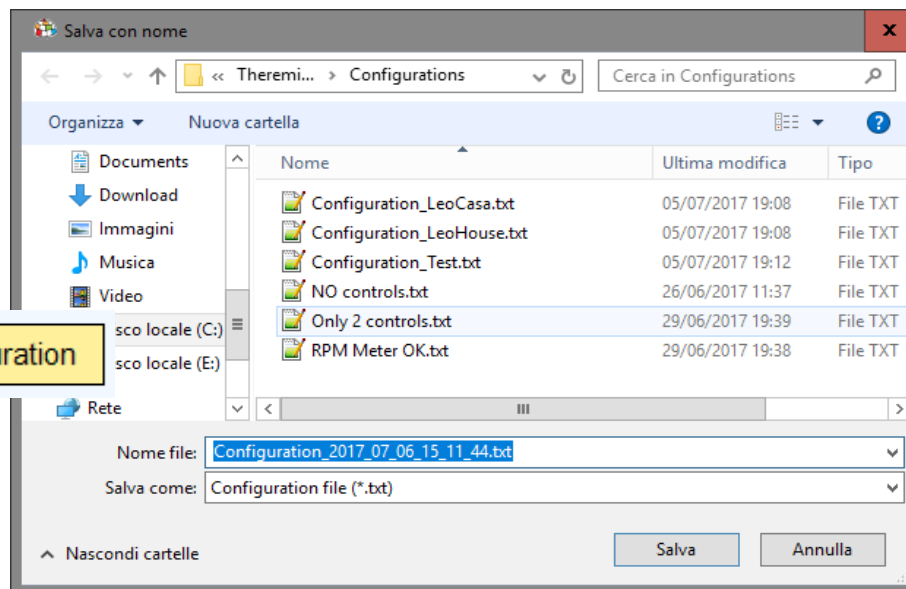
To eliminate what has been done and restore one of the examples, simply press the "Load" button and choose a configuration.

Load configuration



After some time you will start to become familiar and you will want to save your own creations. In this case you press "Save" and you will use a new name or you will click on an existing configuration to overwrite.

Save configuration



In case you overwrite example configurations for error, the you can go to recover from folder called "Configurations - Backup".

The types of controls

In the future perhaps we add other controls but currently they are only three:

1) Button



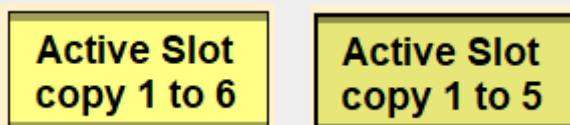
You press them with the mouse left button (or by touching the screen) and set the "Value" in the selected "Slot".

2) TextBox



They show the value read by the selected Slot.

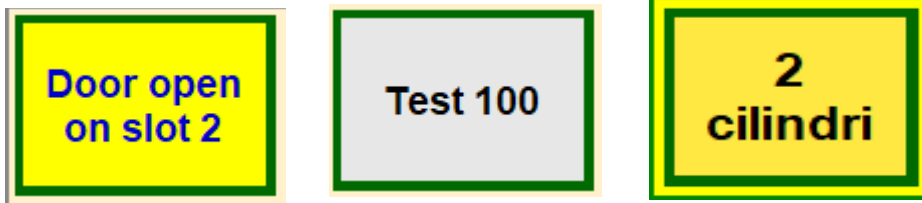
3) ActiveSlot



They write in a Slot based on the value read from another Slot. No need to press them or even that they are visible. So they usually keep them until last and narrows the window to not show them.

The next three pages will explain what you can do with each of these controls.

The "Button" control



The "Button" when clicked with the mouse or pressing the touch-screen set a value in one Slot.

Each "Button" has five main properties:

- ◆ **Slots** - A number from 0 to 999 that specifies the Slot to write on. You can also specify more Slots by writing their separated numbers with a space.
- ◆ **Value** - Any negative or positive number. The number can be an integer from less than sixteen million to over sixteen million or with decimals -3.4028235E+38 to +3.4028235E+38.
- ◆ **Speed** - The rate at which the value of the Slot has to change from the current value to the final value. Normally they use speed from 10 to 1000. If the "Speed" is zero, then the speed is considered to be infinite and the final value is set immediately.
- ◆ **Random** - Amount of random variation. If "Random" is active (non-zero) then "Speed" adjusts the speed of the random variation. This parameter can be used for special lighting effects, for example to the flicker of an LED light to simulate a flame.
- ◆ **Move type**
Choosing **Partial** the movement is interrupted releasing the button and restarts pressing it.
Choosing **Pulse** the final value is set for a brief moment (100 mS) and immediately after the Slot is reset to zero.

The "Button" also have the display properties (Text / TextAlign / TextFont / TextColor / BackColor / Width / height) with which it determines their appearance, colors and sizes. For information about these properties read pages "[Global Panel](#)" and "[Selected object" panel](#)".

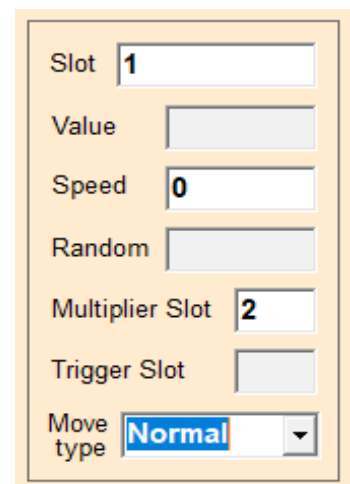
The "TextBox" control



The "TextBox" read the value from a Slot and present it.

Each "TextBox" has four main properties:

- ◆ **Slots** - A number from 0 to 999 that specifies the Slot to write on. You can also specify more Slots by writing their separated numbers with a space.
- ◆ **Speed** - The rate at which the value is updated. At low speeds, the measured value is more stable because it is made the average among many consecutive values. Normally they use speed from 10 to 1000. If the "Speed" is zero, then the speed is considered to be infinite and the average is not performed.
- ◆ **Multiplier Slots** - A number from 0 to 999 that specifies the Slot from which to read the multiplication factor. The displayed value is pre-multiplied by this factor.
- ◆ **Move type** - In the TextBox this control is always "Normal".



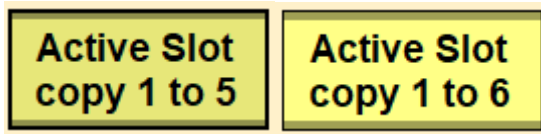
Slot	1
Value	
Speed	0
Random	
Multiplier Slot	2
Trigger Slot	
Move type	Normal

Important: If you set the "-1" value to "Multiplier Slot", or if the slots indicated by "Multiplier Slot" contain zero, then the text box displays the text that was written in the "Text" property.

The "TextBox" also have the display properties (Text / TextAlign / TextFont / TextColor / BackColor / Width / Height) with which it determines their appearance, colors and sizes. For information about these properties read pages "[Global Panel](#)" and "[SelectedObject Panel](#)".

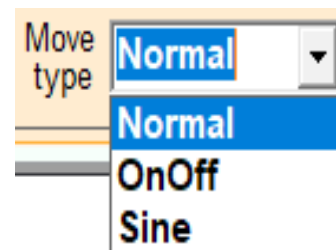
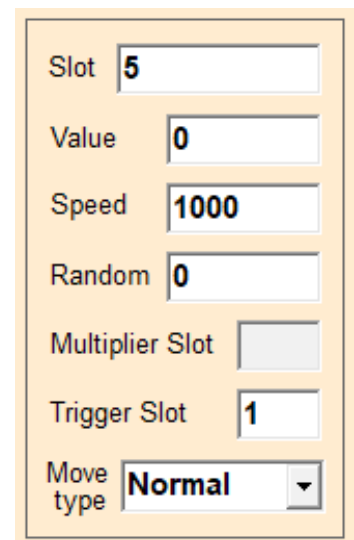
The "ActiveSlot" control

The "ActiveSlot" buttons are not acting pressing them, but which are activated by the values read from a Slot called "Trigger".



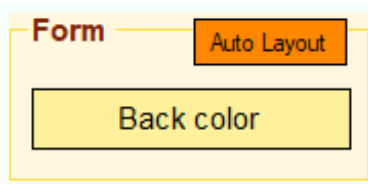
Each "ActiveSlot" has six main properties:

- ◆ **Slots** - A number from 0 to 999 that specifies the Slot to write on. You can also specify more Slots by writing their separated numbers with a space.
- ◆ **Value** - Any negative or positive number. The number can be an integer from less than sixteen million to over sixteen million or with decimals $-3.4028235E+38$ to $+3.4028235E+38$.
- ◆ **Speed** - The rate at which the value is updated. At low speeds, the measured value is more stable because it is made the average among many consecutive values. Normally you use speed from 10 to 1000. If the "Speed" is zero, then the speed is considered to be infinite.
- ◆ **Random** - Amount of random variation. If "Random" is active (non-zero), then Speed adjusts the speed of the random variation. This parameter can be used for special lighting effects, for example to the flicker of an LED light to simulate a flame.
- ◆ **Trigger Slot** - A number from 0 to 999 that specifies the Slot from which to read the input value. To get a Sine non dependent from a Slot set "Trigger Slot" to "-1".
- ◆ **Move type**
Choosing **Normal** the value of the Slot "Trigger" is copied into the output Slot (naturally also taking into account of Speed and Random).
Choosing **OnOff** if the Slot "Trigger" exceeds 500 then the "Value" is set in output, otherwise it is set to a zero.
Choosing **Sine** a sine wave is generated from zero to "Value". If the "Trigger" Slot has value "-1" then the output is always active and "Speed" controls the frequency. With the value "0" the output is stopped. With positive values "Trigger" control the frequency 1 = slow, 1000 = very fast.



The "ActiveSlot" also have the display properties (Text / TextFont / TextColor / BackColor / Width / height) with which it determines their appearance, colors and sizes. For information about these properties read pages "[Global Panel](#)" and "[SelectedObject Panel](#)".

Arrange the controls with the “Auto Layout”



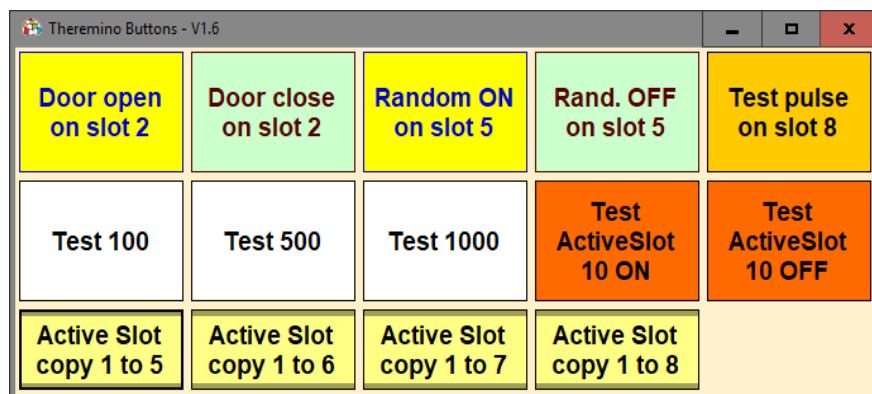
When the "Auto Layout" button is enabled (orange colored), the controls are arranged automatically by changing the window size.

In this mode of operation the controls can be resized but not positioned at will. To move them see the next page.

To change control dimensions:

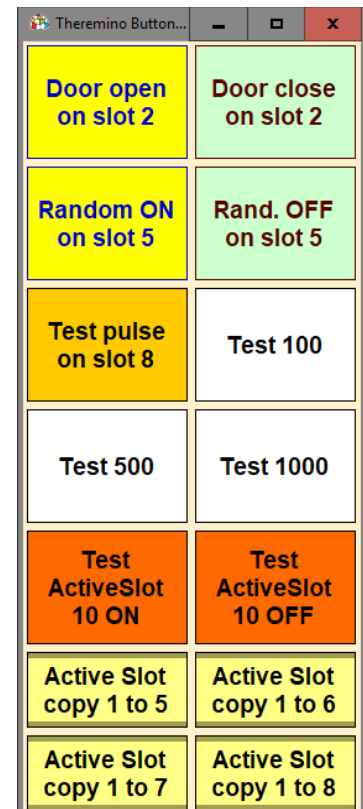
- ◆ Open the Properties window by pressing the CTRL key on the keyboard and clicking the left button of the mouse on any of the controls.
- ◆ Select the desired control and modify the “Width” and “Height” in the “Selected object” panel of the properties window. Otherwise you could press SHIFT and the keyboard arrows to resize the control horizontally and vertically.

Changing the window dimensions

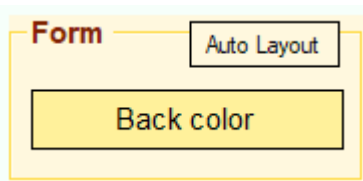


You can rearrange the controls of multiple rows or columns by adjusting the size of the main window. The window normally has a fixed size, to resize it do:

- ◆ Open the Properties window by pressing the CTRL key on the keyboard and clicking the left button of the mouse on any of the controls.
- ◆ Resize the main window by dragging it from one of the edges or from an angle, up to that controls flow in the desired positions.

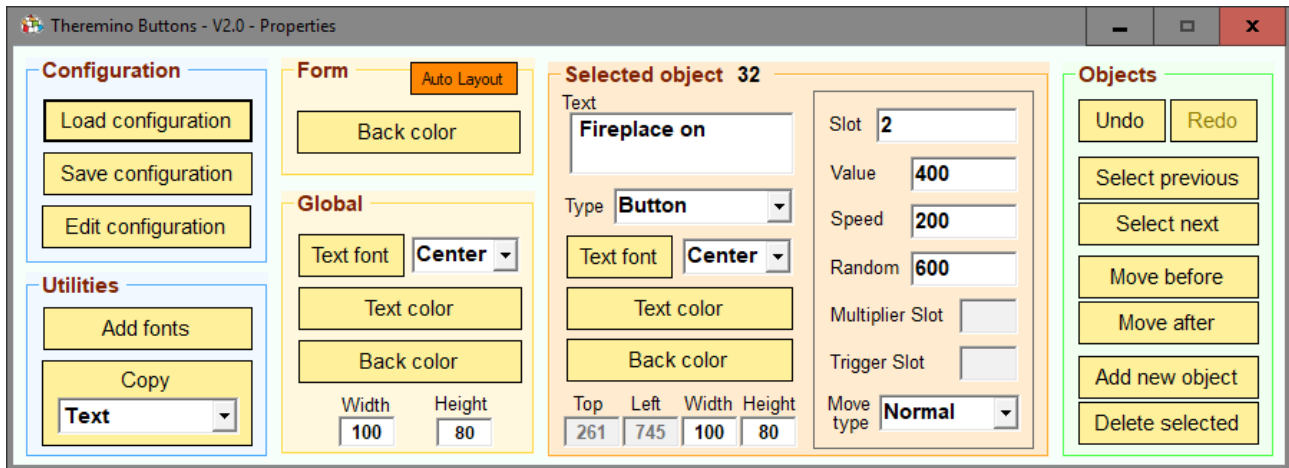


Arrange manually the controls



When the "Auto Layout" button is not enabled (light color) controls can be positioned and sized as desired.

To move controls, the property window must be open (opens with CTRL + Click).



To move a control

- ◆ Select the desired control with a click.
- ◆ Modify "Top" and "Left" in the "Selected object" panel.
- ◆ Otherwise use keyboard arrows.
- ◆ Otherwise press the left mouse button on the control and move it.

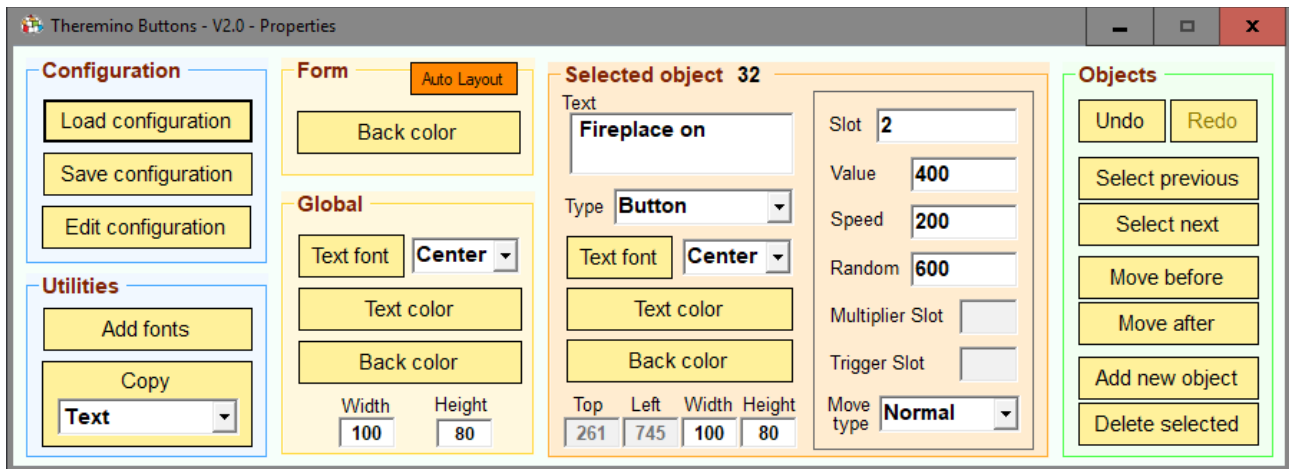
To resize a control

- ◆ Select the desired control with a click.
- ◆ Modify "Width" e "Height" in the "Selected object" panel.
- ◆ Otherwise press SHIFT and use keyboard arrows.

After arranging the controls manually, you do not have to press "Auto Layout" otherwise all controls will be piled up in the upper left.

The properties window

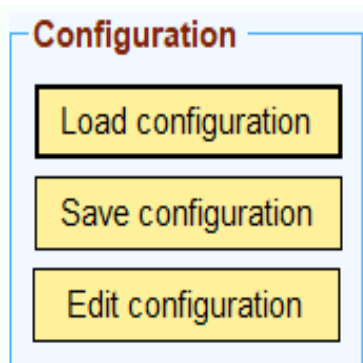
The properties are divided into panels with different colors.



In the following chapters are explained one by one the panels and their commands.

"Configuration" panel

This panel includes the controls to read, write and edit configurations.



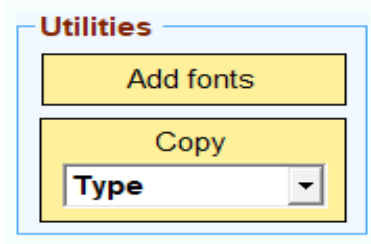
Load configuration - Load a configuration.

Save configuration - Save the current configuration.

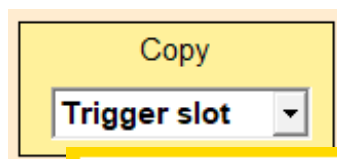
Edit configuration - Opens the configuration in NotePad (see: [Edit the configuration file](#)).

"Utilities" panel

This panel currently contains a single command.



Add fonts - Adds the "7-segment" characters if they are not already in the system.

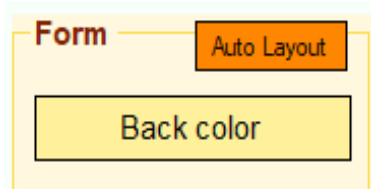


Copy - This is a very useful button. It allows you to quickly copy the selected control properties to other controls. If you use it well can save you considerable time. See [this page](#).

But be careful not to make mistakes. This button is as powerful as a bazooka. So it is good to remember to turn it off as soon as you finish using it.

"Form" panel

This panel contains a single command.

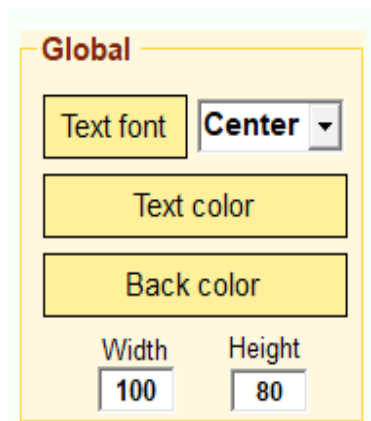


Auto Layout - Automatic controls arrangement. See [this page](#).

Back color - Use this button to change the background color of the main window.

"Global" panel

This panel includes the commands that act "globally". All controls will have these colors and sizes unless you change them individually.



Text fonts - The font and size to use for text.

Center - The text alignment (could be also Left or Right).

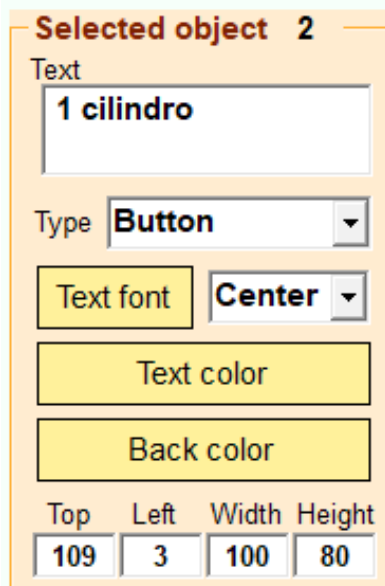
Text color - The text color of the controls.

Back color - The background color of the controls.

Width and height - Size of controls in pixels.

"Selected object" panel

This panel includes the controls to change the selected object (see [This Page](#)).



The screenshot shows the 'Selected object' panel for object 2. It includes a text field with '1 cilindro', a type dropdown set to 'Button', a text font dropdown set to 'Center', a text color button, a back color button, and a table for dimensions: Top (109), Left (3), Width (100), and Height (80).

Selected object - The number indicates the selected control.

Text - The text that appears on the control.

Type - The type "Button", "TextBox" or "ActiveSlot".

Text fonts - The font used for text.

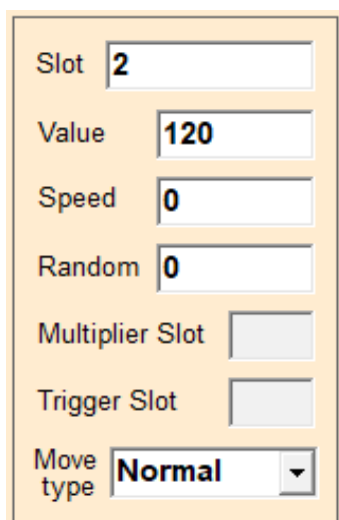
Center - The text alignment (could be also Left or Right).

Text color - The text color.

back color - The background color.

Width and height - Size of controls in pixels.

In the TextBox it is possible to add spaces and also to force a line feed pressing ENTER.



The screenshot shows the 'Selected objects' panel for slot 2. It includes a slot dropdown set to 2, a value field with 120, a speed field with 0, a random field with 0, multiplier and trigger slot buttons, and a move type dropdown set to Normal.

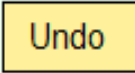
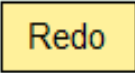
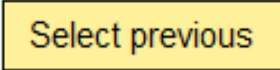
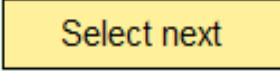
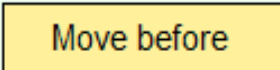
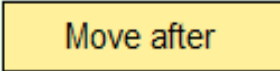
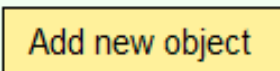
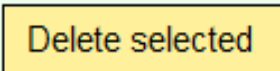
The "Selected objects" panel also contains these controls, which determine how to write and read the Slot values.

The basic behavior of a button is to write the value specified in the "Value" in the Slot specified by "Slot."

Further details about these controls are explained in specific controls: [Button](#), [TextBox](#) and [Active Slot](#).

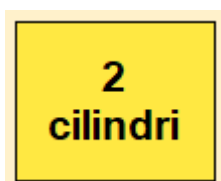
"Objects" panel

This panel includes the controls to select, rearrange, create and delete controls.

Objects		
		Undo - Undo the last change. Redo - Redo the last change.
		Select previous - the previous control is selected.
		Select next - the next control is selected.
		Move before - The selected control is moved before.
		Move after - The selected control is moved after.
		Add new object - Creates a new control.
		Delete selected - The selected control is deleted.

When you create a new control should start with a check similar to the one you want to create. So before you select a suitable control and then press the "Add new object".

Controls selected



The non-selected controls have the thinnest edge.



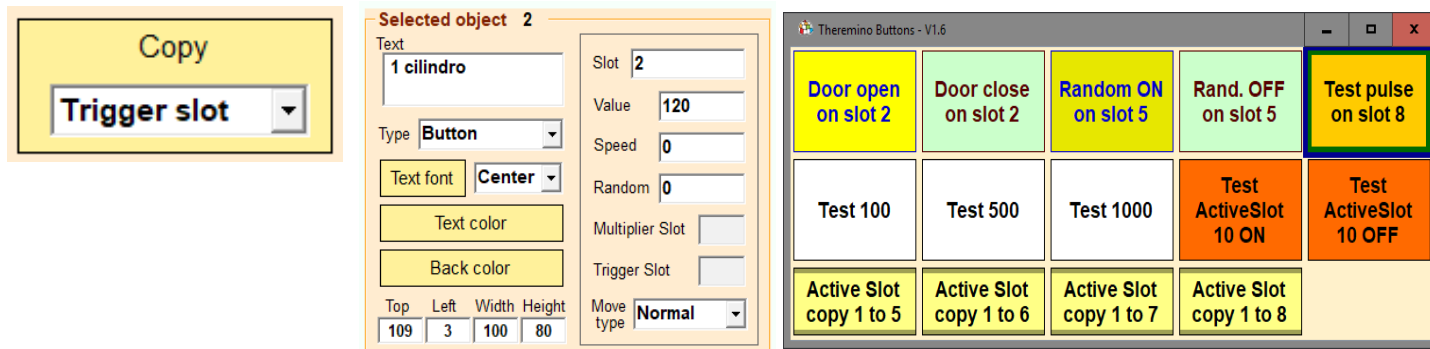
The selected controls are highlighted with a thick border.



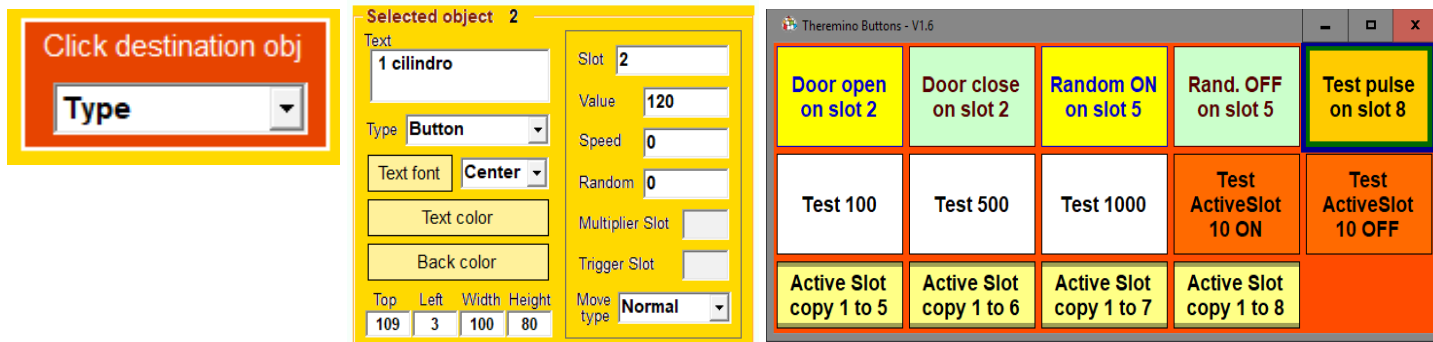
The selected controls are highlighted with a double border when the Edit window is open.

The "Copy" button

Pressing the "Copy" button ...

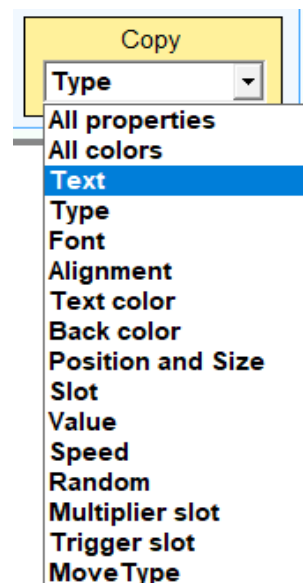


... the "Copy" button turns red, the "Selected Object" area turns yellow and the control window turns red.



This makes it obvious that you are copying the same but you can forget about it.
So be careful to disable the button just finished copying.

Until the "Copy" button is on, every click on a control copy of the properties of the selected control (with thick blue border) to the control on which you click.



The properties to be copied are established choosing them from the list.

- If you choose "All properties" then all the properties are copied.
- If you choose "All colors" then all colors are copied.
- If you choose "Text" only the text is copied.
- If you choose "Type" you copy the type (Button, TextBox or ActiveSlot).
- If you choose "Font" then the font of the text is copied.
- If you choose "Alignment" then the alignment (Left, Center or Right) is copied.
- If you choose "TextColor" or "BackColor" then text color or background is copied.
- If you choose "Size" then the size (width and height) is copied.
- If you choose "Slot" then you copy only the Slot value.
- If you choose "Pulse / OnOff" then only the button state is copied.
- If you choose "Value" then you copy only the value that is in the "Value" box.
- If you choose "Speed" then you copy only the speed value.
- If you choose "Random" then you copy only the random value.
- If you choose "Multiplier slot" then you copy only the multiplier-slot value.
- If you choose "Trigger slot" then you copy only the trigger-slot value.
- If you choose "Move Type" only the movement type is copied.

Edit the configuration file

In some cases it may be preferable to manually edit the configuration file. The file is called "Configuration.txt", is located next to the executable of the application and can be easily opened with the button "Edit configuration" which is seen in [this chapter](#).

The first few lines specify the general properties of all controls:

```
'=====
'General props
'=====
FormWidth    = 692           ' Width of the main window in pixels.
FormHeight   = 292           ' Height of the main window in pixels.
FormColor     = 255 240 200   ' Color: three numbers from 0 to 255, for Red, Green and Blue.
TextFont      = Arial, 14.25pt, style = Bold ' Type, size and style of text characters.
TextColor     = 000 000 000   ' Color : three numbers from 0 to 255, for Red, Green and Blue.
BackColor     = 255 255 255   ' Color : three numbers from 0 to 255, for Red, Green and Blue.
Width         = 130           ' Width of control, if not specified individually.
Height        = 90            ' altness of the controls, unless specified individually.
```

Then, for each check, there is a part that specifies its properties:

```
'=====
'Controls
'=====
Button        ' The first line indicates the type "Button", "TextBox" or "ActiveSlot".
Slots = 2      ' The Slot on which to write the output value.
Value = 1000   ' The value to be written in the output Slot.
Speed = 5      ' The speed of change from the current value to the final value.
```

Some checks have special properties:

```
Random        = 200           ' Amount of randomness added to the value.
TriggerSlot    = 1            ' The Slot from which is read the activation value (ActiveSlots).
```

These properties are explained in specific controls: [Button](#), [TextBox](#) and [Active Slot](#).

All controls can have text, colors and individual dimensions. If you do not specify these properties, the control will have the general properties specified by the general parameters at the beginning of the file:

```
TextFont      = Door open on Slot 2 ' The text to be presented on the control.
TextColor     = 000 000 200          ' The color of the text in the control.
BackColor     = 255 255 000          ' The control background color.
Width         = 180                  ' Width of the control in pixels.
Height        = 60                   ' Height of the control in pixels.
```

These properties are explained in the panel on the page: ["Selected Object"](#).

List of valid parameters

Global props

AutoLayout (True or False)
FormWidth
FormHeight
FormColor
TextFont
TextColor
BackColor
Width
Height

Button

Slots (Example: 1 2 3 4)
Value
Speed
Random
MoveType

Text
TextFont
TextAlign
TextColor
BackColor
Top
Left
Width
Height

TextBox

Slots (Example: 1 2 3 4)
Speed
MultiplierSlot
MoveType

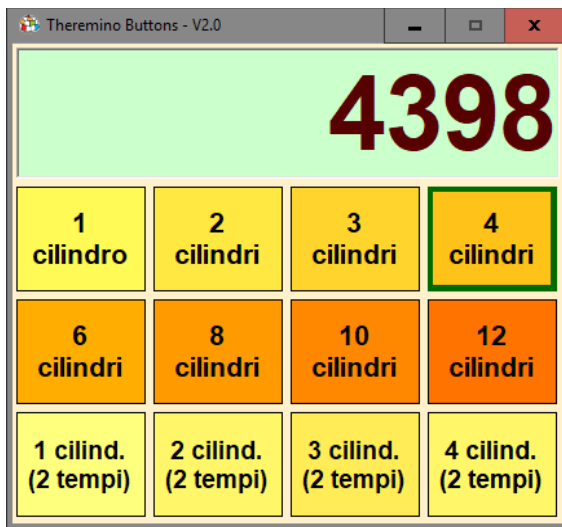
Text
TextFont
TextAlign
TextColor
BackColor
Top
Left
Width
Height

ActiveSlot

Slots (Example: 1 2 3 4)
Value
Speed
Random
TriggerSlot
MoveType

Text
TextFont
TextAlign
TextColor
BackColor
Top
Left
Width
Height

A sample application



The "guzzj" user of the GRIX site (www.grix.it) asked if he could use the theremino system to measure RPMs (revolutions per minute) of internal combustion engines.

We have therefore taken this case as an example to show that you can create simple applications without programming.

The application is functioning and has large buttons that allow you to also use it on a tablet with the touch screen or a mobile phone with Windows

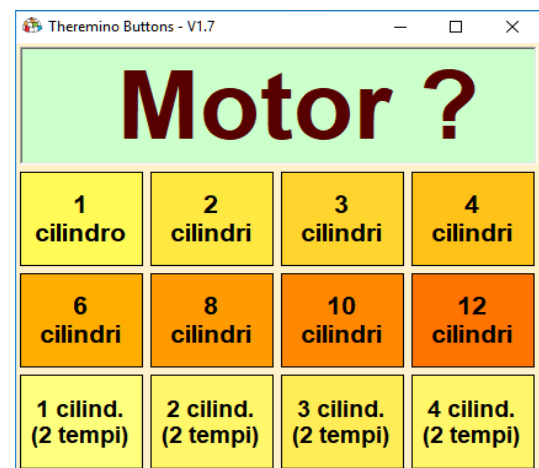
The buttons for the various types of engines have been configured to set multiplication coefficients appropriate to transform the frequency value (in cycles per second) to the RPM (revolutions per minute) value. These coefficients are written in one Slot each time a button is pressed.

The upper text box, which acts as a viewer, has been configured to read the frequency value, multiplying it by the coefficient, and display the final value in revolutions per minute.

When you start the application you have to choose a type of engine otherwise the display always marks zero.

To remind the user, we wrote in the "Text" property the phrase "Motor ?".

This phrase is visible until the Multiplicator Slot contains zero and as soon as you choose an engine it is replaced by the number of revolutions. Learn more about this behavior on the [Textbox control](#) page.



More information about the RpmMeter application in the "RpmMeter_ITA.pdf" file that you download from this page:

www.theremino.com/downloads/foundations#buttons